

WT 200
Sept 1934
Ann. Rep.

1933-34

03
SANATORIUM BOARD OF MANITOBA
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The SANATORIUM BOARD of MANITOBA

OPERATING

Manitoba Sanatorium
NINETTE

Central Tuberculosis Clinic
WINNIPEG

and

Tuberculosis Travelling Clinics

CO-OPERATING WITH

ST. BONIFACE SANATORIUM
KING EDWARD HOSPITAL
AND OTHER AGENCIES

Report for Year 1933-4

with the Twenty-fourth Annual Financial Report
for the Year ending the 30th November, 1934

Where there is no vision the people perish.

—BOOK OF PROVERBS

The Sanatorium Board of Manitoba, 1934

Chairman.....	JOHN McEACHERN
Vice-Chairman.....	C. E. STOCKDILL
Chairman, Administration Committee.....	MAJOR G. W. NORTHWOOD
Chairman, Finance Committee.....	DR. R. M. SIMPSON
Secretary-Treasurer.....	COL. J. Y. REID
Honorary Solicitor.....	ISAAC PITBLADO, K.C.

HONORARY MEMBERS

E. L. DREWRY E. M. WOOD HON. CHAS. CANNON

STATUTORY MEMBERS

Representing the Provincial Department of Public Health.....	{ HON. R. A. HOEY HON. E. W. MONTGOMERY, M.D. DR. F. W. JACKSON
As Municipal Commissioner.....	{ HON. D. L. McLEOD C. L. STONEY, President
Representing Union of Manitoba Municipalities.....	{ C. M. BROWN W. H. FRENCH
Representing King Edward Hospital.....	DR. A. B. ALEXANDER
Representing St. Boniface Sanatorium.....	DR. J. D. ADAMSON
Representing Manitoba Medical Association.....	DR. F. A. BENNER

ELECTED MEMBERS

DR. E. J. BOARDMAN	DR. C. A. MCKENZIE	EDWARD POWER
REV. R. BRODEUR	DR. J. C. McMILLAN	COL. J. Y. REID
T. R. DEACON	D. L. MELLISH	JAMES RICHARDSON
C. C. FERGUSON	DR. ROSS MITCHELL	IVAN SCHULTZ, M.L.A.
DR. D. H. McCALMAN	MAJOR G. W. NORTHWOOD	DR. R. M. SIMPSON
JOHN McEACHERN	MAJOR J. P. OLIVER	C. E. STOCKDILL
A. M. McFADYEN	ISAAC PITBLADO, K.C.	A. E. WARREN

STAFF AS AT JANUARY 1st, 1935

Medical Superintendent:
DAVID ALEXANDER STEWART, B.A., M.D., F.R.C.P., (Can.), LL.D.

Assistant Medical Superintendent
EDWARD LACHLAN ROSS, M.D.

Physician in Charge, Central Tuberculosis Clinic
DONALD L. SCOTT, M.D.

Medical Assistants for Sanatorium, Central Clinic and Travelling Clinics.....	{ HERBERT MELTZER, M.D. A. L. PAINE, M.D. JOHN M. McMURCHY, M.D. LOUIS CHERNIAK, M.D. A. KEENBERG, M.D.
Lady Superintendent.....	MISS JEAN HOUSTON, Reg. N.
Lady Superintendent (Central Clinic).....	MISS MARGARET MACDONALD, Reg. N.
Dietitian.....	MISS DORIS GOULDING
Chief Engineer.....	J. R. SCOTT
Accountant.....	JOHN MACK
Chief Radiographer.....	WALTER ANDERSON, R.T.
Steward.....	W. B. STEWART
Secretary.....	MISS G. M. WHEATLEY
Secretary (Central Clinic).....	MISS E. McGARROL
Teacher.....	MISS EDNA CALVERLEY, B.A.
Provincial Public Health Nurse.....	MISS ELSIE J. WILSON, Reg. N.

Auditors; RIDDELL, STEAD, GRAHAM AND HUTCHISON

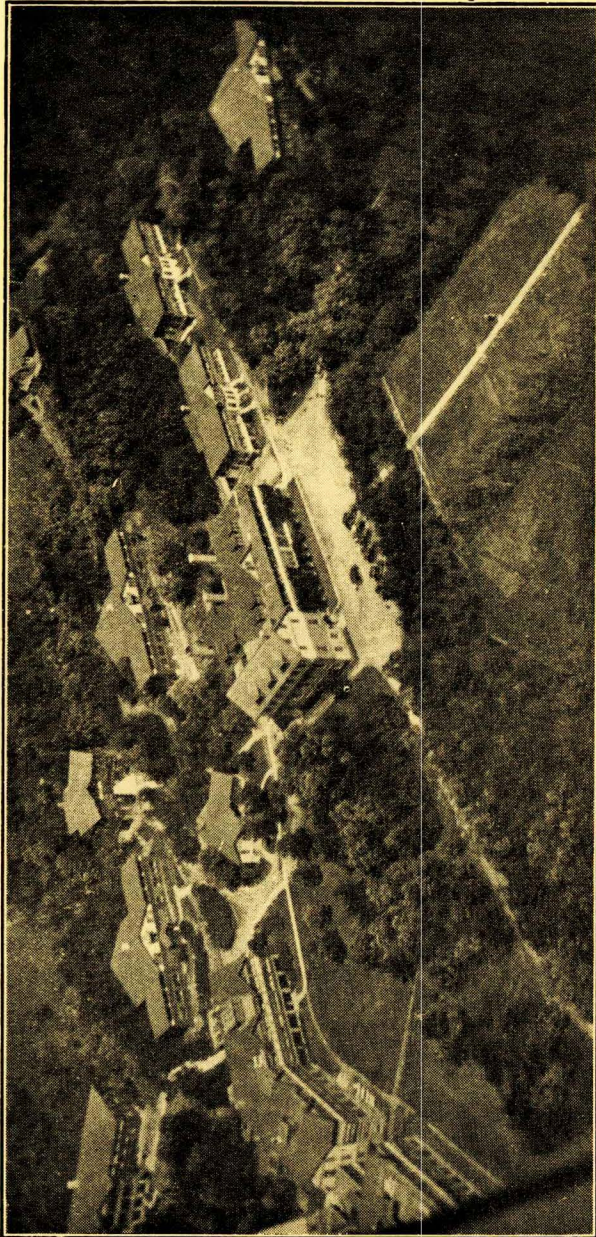


Photo by Mr. Allan Bill

Manitoba Sanatorium from the Air

Wherever tuberculosis deaths in a whole population of mixed ages has been cut down to one-fifth, the tuberculosis menace to children now being born has been cut down to one-tenth.

* * *

Report of the Medical Superintendent



In looking back over the past year, it is my privilege first of all to express appreciation for the help, support, kindness, and understanding, of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Committee Chairmen, the Secretary-Treasurer, and individual members, who have given most liberally of time and energy, and taken a very real interest in all the affairs under the direction of the Board.

I appreciate very fully also the harmonious inter-relations among the various units co-operating in the general scheme. The Chairman and Commission in charge of the King Edward Hospital, with Dr. Alexander and his staff; the Sister Superior, the Sisters, Dr. Adamson and Staff of St. Boniface Sanatorium, and the Chest Clinic of St. Boniface Hospital have given ready co-operation, as partners in a common work. Other hospitals caring for tuberculous patients, especially the Winnipeg General and the Childrens' Hospitals, have been neighborly and helpful. The departments and officials of the Government, especially the Minister, Deputy-Minister, and Nurses of the Department of Public Health, and the Department of Municipal affairs, have given unfailing support, as have also Dr. Douglas and the City of Winnipeg Health Staff and Nurses. The Union of Manitoba Municipalities has continued its quarter century of interest and partnership. And not least, but equal to any in importance, we have enjoyed happy and helpful relations with the medical profession, and with hospitals and staffs throughout the Province.

As Superintendent in special charge of the institutions directly under the control of the Board, I have had the happiness and stimulation of the fullest and most loyal help and support of the whole staff of Manitoba Sanatorium and the Central Clinic. Dr. Ross, Mr. Mack, Miss Houston, Miss Goulding, Mr. Scott and Mr. Stewart, at Ninette; Dr. Scott, Miss Macdonald, and Miss McGarrol at the Central Clinic, and all members of both staffs in all capacities have been very active and loyal partners in the undertaking.

CONSULTANTS

We have had the very ready and valuable assistance also of many consultants, both at Ninette and the Central Clinic. Without attempting a full list, which would be a long one, I will name those who have helped

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The only way to do work is to do it, and a man out all day with a spade will have turned over more earth by evening than a committee that has discussed all day the trituration of the soil.

Time is not life. It is only the stuff, the raw material that life can be made out of. Too often it is a birthright sold for messes of pottage, a heritage squandered more thoughtlessly, given away more recklessly, than any other.

* * *

us most often — Doctors Olson, Mann, McKinnon, McMillan, Boyd, Gilmour, Mathers, Boardman, Adamson, Thorlakson, Morse, Stewart, McDiarmid, Hunter, Nicholson, Fahrni, Cadham, Davidson, Washington, Campbell, Elvin, Bell, Gardiner, Mitchell, McEachern, Medovy, Pincock, and Perrin.

GENERAL

It is comparatively easy to give details, statistics, financial statements and comparative costs, but much harder to look over the Province and estimate the effects of a year's work in the life and health of the people. Such progress is made slowly. At the same time a look over the past twenty-five years gives great encouragement. Twenty-five years ago the first three Sanatorium buildings at Ninette were being finished, to be opened the following May. The Doctor on the job was putting in time addressing meetings and getting acquainted in half the towns of the Province. So far as we can work out statistics, the tuberculosis death rate in comparable populations has dropped in that twenty-five years to one-fifth of what it was. What is of more importance is that the tuberculosis menace to children now being born seems to be not more than one-tenth what it was then. This kind of work if faithfully done has results today, but the best of its results are in the future.

A complete analysis of the tuberculosis deaths of the province made for the year 1932, shows the deaths of treaty Indians 31 per cent. and the deaths of all persons of Indian blood 45 per cent. of the total. While the analysis of 1933 is not as complete, it seems to indicate the actual number of tuberculosis deaths in 1933 about the same as in 1932, but with the Indian proportion higher and the non-Indian lower than before.

St. Boniface Sanatorium reports a satisfactory year of work. Its medical and surgical treatments have been studied closely from time to time by its staff, and a very useful and informing survey of its first three years of work is now under way.

The Municipal Hospitals conserved overhead expenses more than a year ago by closing the special tuberculosis building, the King Edward, and caring for tuberculous patients in the King George Hospital. An increase in other infectious diseases, however, has made re-occupation necessary, and this gives the specialized equipment of the King Edward again for tuberculosis work. The outdoor examinations of old patients, and of contacts and suspects, is continued. The Hospital is filled fairly to capacity, 31,560 treatment days were given during 1934 and the work is going satisfactorily along the usual lines.

* * *

A Sanatorium doctor should know the firing line as well as the fortress; should know the homes his patients come from and go back to; should consider waiting lists as well as ward lists; and work out general strategy for combatants as well as care for sick and wounded.

Strangely enough, time serves best the busy man who has least of it, and worst the man who has most. Our mills grind best when full of corn.

* * *

POPULATIONS

The total number of patients under treatment varied from a maximum of 652 in March, 1934 to 573 in August. At the end of January, 1935 there were 639, distributed as follows: Manitoba Sanatorium, Ninette, 263; Central Clinic, 45; King Edward Hospital, 80; St. Boniface Sanatorium, 222; Winnipeg General Hospital, 12; Children's Hospital, 3; St. Roch's Hospital, 5; St. Boniface Hospital, 9; Total 639. Besides these there are tuberculous patients segregated and under treatment in the mental hospitals.

PATIENT DAYS IN 1934

Manitoba Sanatorium, Ninette	93,985
Central Tuberculosis Clinic	17,838
King Edward Hospital	31,560
St. Boniface Sanatorium	73,220
	216,603

MANITOBA SANATORIUM, NINETTE

Admissions were 280, discharges 232, patient days 93,985, and the average length of stay of tuberculous patients, leaving out very short stays and observation cases, was 392 days.

When the Central Clinic was opened in 1930, and the St. Boniface Sanatorium in 1931, and especially when harder times made distance from the population centre a considerable disadvantage, the Sanatorium at Ninette had several adjustments to make to the new conditions. At first it ran somewhat under capacity. In the past year it has run pretty nearly to capacity, and with as full and useful a work as it has ever had. Its place in the new scheme of things would seem to be that of a self-contained sanatorium-hospital fully equipped for all necessary procedures in diagnosis and treatment in chest cases, and in other phases of tuberculosis.

Last year I spoke especially of the disadvantages to a patient of a long journey from Ninette to Winnipeg, and a transfer to another hospital, in order to have a needed surgical operation. The new developments of the past year, especially the building and equipping of new operating rooms, will to a great extent remove these disadvantages. Already in 1934, 76 of the lesser operations were done at Ninette, and now the more major procedures can be done there also. It is a very great pleasure to record the generous gifts of equipment for the new rooms, not only because of their usefulness and value, but also as showing confidence in the work of the Sanatorium, and good will toward it. The

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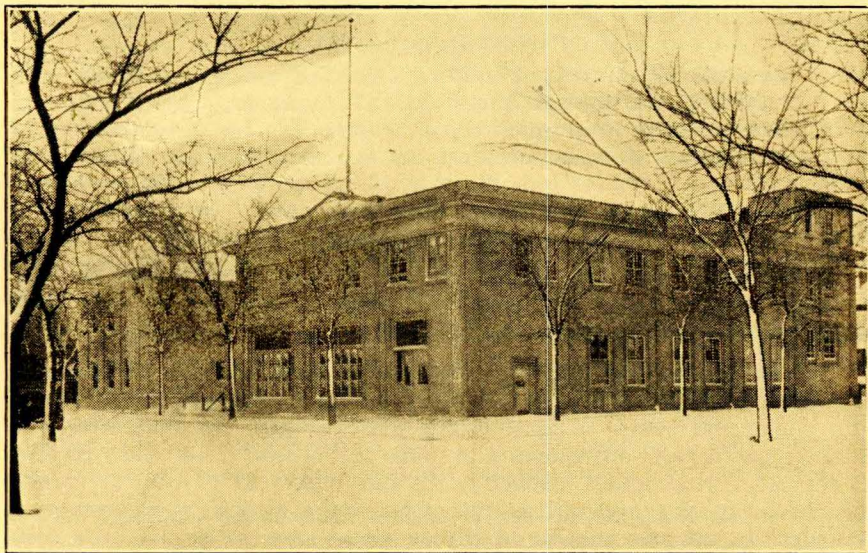
A plan is not a golden calf to be set up and idolatrously worshipped. I am always half suspicious of the modern phrase "set-up" for fear we should bow down before the "Set-up."

In the Banking House of Time, at the Sign of the Clock, minutes are pennies. Take care of the pennies and the pounds will take care of themselves.

* * *

need that has been impressed upon us of having equipment for operations at the Sanatorium itself has impressed the staffs and boards of other sanatoria also, and changes similar to ours are being made in many institutions. The building of a new residence at Ninette which makes for greater permanency of medical staff, is a big step in the same direction.

Up to the present the larger chest operations for both Ninette and the Central Clinic have been done in Winnipeg by Drs. Mann and Olson, with Dr. Scott's assistance. Taking in both the larger and the smaller,



Central Tuberculosis Clinic, Bannatyne Avenue, Winnipeg

the operations done at Winnipeg and Ninette, upon patients of the Sanatorium and the Central Clinic numbered 152 during 1934. Surgery has an increasing place in the treatment of lung tuberculosis.

TRAVELLING CLINICS

The growing work of the travelling clinics has been carried on through nine years and has become a big and important part of the whole scheme. When I have been asked to speak outside the province on "The Manitoba Plan," I have found myself pretty much taking the Sanatorium part of the plan for granted, and speaking of the Travelling Clinics and the

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Who steals my purse robs me of what I have. He is a thief. Who steals my time robs me of what I am. He is something like a murderer. I can get a new purse, and it may be, even fill it again, but the hour of my life that was stolen from me is lost beyond recall

Chinks and crannies of time may gather only dust and cobwebs, or they may grow the most beautiful lilies of our lives.

* * *

Central Clinic, and the principles and results of their work. These are just two associated parts of the same missionary scheme and to a considerable extent keep touch with the same patients.

Travelling clinics during the past year numbered 32. Three new centres visited were Rorketon, a country school near Plum Coulee, and Steinbach. 3,572 examinations were made, practically all having X-ray films. Nearly seventy per cent. of those examined had had known contact with the disease. More than one third of all examined were children. Of the whole number, 457 had tuberculosis previously known, which is being watched. 148 new discoveries of tuberculosis were made, and 43 others are suspected and under observation at home.

When thought over in order to be presented to outsiders—as in the addresses mentioned—these clinics have a few well-marked features. They are free. We cannot afford to raise the barrier of payment, or the still greater barrier of discrimination about payment, in communities where everybody knows everybody.

These examinations are consultations in which clinic doctors with adequate equipment come to a community centre to advise with the local doctor about *his* patients. People are sent to the clinics by the doctor, and get their reports from the doctor.

Another feature is the full co-operation of the Public Health Nurses, with one supervisor, Miss Wilson, with office at the Central Tuberculosis Clinic, as liaison officer. These three, the Clinic Medical Staff, the Public Health Nurses, and the local Doctors, form the best possible partnership for this work, with the Central Tuberculosis Clinic as a fourth partner.

Another feature is the use of an existing staff borrowed from the Sanatorium. Not only does this tie the two sides of tuberculosis effort, the curative and the preventive, together; but it also cuts down overhead and keeps all costs low.

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The generous purchase of Christmas seals throughout the Province maintains the travelling clinics.

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CENTRAL TUBERCULOSIS CLINIC

The Central Tuberculosis Clinic in Winnipeg, the central catch-all for the whole scheme, has become so very useful that it is hard to think how we ever got on without it. We never could again. It gives a convenient all-the-year-round centre for diagnosis, especially for the checking

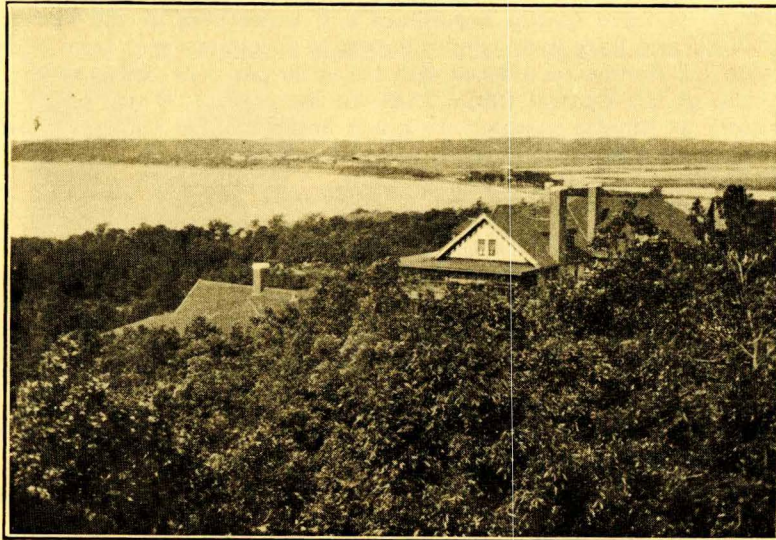
* * *

Where there is no vision the people perish, and all too soon for us the night will fall when we have scarcely yet begun to live, barely begun to guess the wonders of growing things, the companionships of birds and trees, the majesty of the sky, the infinite ways of men, the goodness of life and the world.

It is idle hands and idle heads and not useful hands and busy heads that Satan still finds mischief for.

* * *

Much more could be said about the business and accounting, the purchasing, the cooking, the laundry, the power house, about repairs made and repairs contemplated, about patients considered geographically, economically, medically and surgically. A hundred pages could be filled with analyses, reports and tabulations which are indeed all ready and waiting. And with such, many a page of many a report is filled—but, so far as I am aware, seldom read. Please be convinced that we have all such reports in good order, and we will let it go at that.



Administration Building with Lake and Village in Distance

TO SUM UP

But while statistics and tables about coal consumption and thermal units and such are easy to write, and hard to read—it is much more difficult—as well as much more important, as we said at the outset, to arrive at the essence of the work done and the good accomplished. In the three branches of the scheme directly under the Board, the Sanatorium at Ninette, the Central Clinic, and the Travelling Clinics, 662 patients were admitted and given 111,823 days treatment. *Apart from anything done for patients under treatment, 9,229 examinations were made, and 410 new cases of tuberculosis found.* These totals would be

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Without appetite there is no culture anywhere, even in the great halls of ancient universities. With appetite, there can be culture anywhere and everywhere, in agri-culture, in horti-culture, in any exercise of a thoughtful mind.

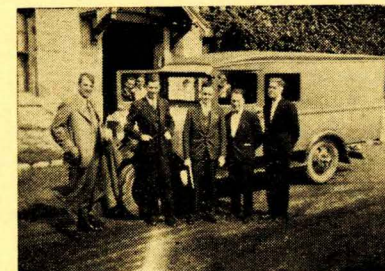
To a man with an enthusiasm, leisure is golden. But wide margins to life that grow only weeds would be better sown with the regular crop of ordinary labor.

* * *

considerably added to, especially in treatment, if the records of the King Edward Hospital and the St. Boniface Sanatorium were added. Altogether in all the institutions under the Board, and co-operating with it, and allowing for overlapping, we have had contact during the year, on account of tuberculosis, with, say twelve thousand people, nearly two per cent, of the people of the province.

As I have already said, the essential things are hard to estimate, and any one-year period is too short to show striking accomplishments. But that much is being accomplished, and increasingly year by year, in the clearing up of Tuberculosis in Manitoba by such yearly totals, as are here reported, of treatments, diagnoses, case-findings, isolation, prevention and education, there can be no doubt. If the law of diminishing returns is not going to be too severe with us, and if in the next quarter-century as much clearing up of tuberculosis will take place as in the past quarter, it is likely that in ordinary intelligent and fairly prosperous white settlements the disease may have almost ceased to be a menace by 1960 or earlier.

But the more clearing there is in more forward communities, the greater is the contrast in sections where tuberculosis is still rampant. Our statistics show 24 times as many deaths among treaty Indians as among equal numbers of whites. And the more clearing in good communities the more plainly does the fact emerge that tuberculosis in any section of the population, even tuberculosis in Indian reserves, is a leaking tank spreading infection throughout the whole population. Better health measures for the slum spots of the province is one of our urgent needs right now.



The highest thing in education is inspiration. It is divine, and comes rarely. The second best is perspiration. It is human, and can be universal.

Special

Generous donations for the fitting up of Operating Rooms mentioned on a previous page of this Report were received as follows:

Mr. H. E. Sellers—Operating Table.

Mr. Sidney T. Smith—Anaesthetic Apparatus and Operating Room Equipment.

Mr. C. C. Fields—Operating Room Lamp.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co. Ltd.—Instruments.

Special Donations for Other Purposes

The Bank of Montreal—Office Desk and Chairs.

Rural Credit Corporation No. 2, per D. L. Mellish—Equipment for Sterilizer.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Irish—Shampoo Chair and Hair Drier.

Edward Anderson, K.C., Winnipeg Electric Railway Co. — Two Gas Stoves and Installation.

William Whyte—Refrigerator.

Cash Donations

Mrs. D. Loewen, \$21.52; Dr. McL. Gillies, \$25.00; Miss Jean Hay, \$5.00; Teek Chapter, I.O.D.E., \$10.00; Miss F. Scully, Elgin, \$5.00; Miss L. B. Bell, \$10.00; Winnipeg Grain Exchange, \$17.25; Miss Peggy Martyn, \$10.00; Mrs. F. Crosbie, \$50.00, \$25.00, \$25.00; Miss Mary E. Pounds, \$8.00; C. M. Brown, Belmont, \$5.00, \$5.00; George Serls, \$5.00; Archbishop Sinnott, \$10.00; Dr. A. M. Campbell, \$5.00; A. E. Michael, \$5.00, \$10.00; Thos R. Deacon, \$5.00; C. E. Huntting, \$10.00; R. J. Gourlay, \$5.00, \$10.00; T. Guthrie, \$10.00; G. Lockwood, Sanford, \$5.00; Dr. H. J. Meikeljohn, \$5.00; George Thompson, \$5.00; J. R. Walkoff, Winkler, \$5.00; Ralph G. Plews, \$5.00; H. S. Paterson, \$10.00; J. N. Horn, \$5.00, \$5.00; C. C. Fields, \$10.00; J. R. Hogg, \$5.00; L. Fainstein, \$5.00; C. C. Ferguson, \$5.00, Lady A. G. Macdonald, \$5.00; C. Bennet, \$5.00; Charles Irwin, Newdale, \$4.00; J. L. Corlett, \$5.00, \$5.00; Anderson Bros., Brandon, \$6.00; Miss Gertrude Stephens, \$3.00; G. W. P. Heffelfinger, \$5.00; A. E. Martin, \$5.00; Women's Auxiliary, Christ Church, Austin, \$5.00; F. H. C. Stevens, \$5.00; F. B. Wells, \$10.00; J. O. Jones, Great Falls, \$10.00; Dr. E. W. Montgomery, \$5.00; J. Erlichman, \$5.00, \$5.00; J. Mills, \$5.00; Fred Wyatt, Decker, \$5.00, \$5.00; Mrs. C. G. Carruthers, \$25.00; Dr. R. Goulden, Brandon, \$5.00; Thos. McDonald, \$5.00; Hon. Colin Inkster, \$5.00; A. McIntyre, \$5.00; John Sencow, Arborg, \$5.00; Mrs. A. M. Barkwell, \$10.00; J. Preudhomme, \$5.00, \$5.00; Smith, Fess & Denison, \$25.00; H. J. Scott, \$5.00; A. Andison, \$25.00, \$25.00; Ladies' Auxiliary, Army and Navy Veterans, Winnipeg, \$5.00; John McEachern, \$10.00, \$10.00; Busy Bees, Brandon Hills, \$5.00, \$5.00; H. Archibald, \$50.00; Eben Govan, \$5.00; Theodore

* * *

Where and when may we have more learning? Here and now. Today. Work! for the night cometh when no man can work.

Have we not capacities for more enthusiasms? "En Theos," God within—that's what "enthuse" means.

* * *

Kipp, \$5.00; R. T. Hodgson, \$5.00; Iman. Salbert, \$10.00; Thos Bruce, \$5.00; Peter Gellatley, \$5.00; Mrs. J. M. Stephens, \$5.00; Robert Smith, Selkirk, \$5.00; Miss Georgie McPherson, Brandon Hills, \$7.00, \$10.00; Frank E. Boyd, Ninga, \$10.00; E. L. Drewry, \$10.00, \$10.00; H. E. Sellars, \$50.00, \$50.00; Johnston McPherson, Brandon Hills, \$10.00; W. J. Hilton, The Pas, \$10.00; Busy Bees, C.G.I.T., Austin, \$6.02; Dr. and Mrs. W. P. Head, \$50.00; Mrs. S. M. Russell, Portage la Prairie, \$12.00; Mrs. Blackert, Selkirk, \$5.00; I.O.D.E., Carberry, \$5.00; A. P. White, \$5.00; Per Mrs. F. J. Parsons, Oak Lake, \$46.61; George Lockwood, Sanford, \$5.00; R. Darrach, Brandon, \$3.00; William Gray, \$5.00; R. T. Hodgson, \$5.00; J. W. Alton, Sidney, \$5.00; John O'Grady, \$5.00; Wm. M. Neal, \$5.00; H. M. White, \$5.00; C. W. Veysey, \$10.00; W. Coughlin, Manigotogan, \$2.00; Miss Jean Gunn, \$5.00; E. H. Macklin, \$5.00; German Society, Winnipeg, \$10.00; Wm. H. Duff, \$5.00; Robert Lees, Oakville, \$5.00; Wm. Wallace, Oak Lake, \$5.00; Inspector W. J. Parr, Killarney, \$5.00; E. L. Brown, God's Lake, \$10.00; C. W. Brown, \$10.00; Angus McIntyre, \$5.00; Harry Lew, Ninette, \$5.00; J. R. Murray, \$5.00; T. L. Corrigan, \$5.00; H. B. Shaw, \$5.00; Alex McIver, \$5.00; C. Irwine, Pine Falls, \$5.00; Frank Allen, \$5.00; Otto Schultz, Pilot Mound, \$10.00; I.O.D.E., DeWinton, Carberry, I.O.D.E., La Verendrye, Dauphin, I.O.D.E., Plum Creek, Souris, \$12.00; Rural Credit Federation No. 2, per D. L. Mellish, Pipestone, \$84.13.

OTHER GIFTS

C. F. de C. O'Grady: transportation. Mrs. R. H. Scott, Eden; Mrs. F. Crosbie, Winnipeg; W. B. Goff, Lockport; Mrs. Croft, Winnipeg; Ladies Auxiliary, Canadian Legion, Winnipeg; Ladies' Auxiliary, Imperial Veterans, Winnipeg: fruit. Mrs. T. Cooling, Winnipeg; Mrs. Annie Coiner, Winnipeg; Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Wood, Ninette: cake. Harry Greenwood, Winnipeg: electric gramophone motor. Joe Irving, Belmont: pheasants. A. M. McFadyen, Winnipeg: gramophone records. E. J. Brownlee, Simmons Ltd.; Henry K. Wampole Ltd.; Brathwaites: candies. H. L. McKinnon Co. Ltd., Winnipeg: 2 sacks peanuts. Peter C. Christie, Princess Street, Winnipeg: table napkins. Western Packing Co., Winnipeg: sausages.

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

John McEachern, Winnipeg; Charles Cannon, Belmont; W. C. McKillican; E. L. McDonald, Wawanesa; W. F. Lough, Winnipeg, several bundles; J. Gray Mundie, Winnipeg; N. W. Bell, Wawanesa; Henderson's Directories Ltd.; W. H. Thomson, Winnipeg; An Interested Friend; Lasker's Book Shop, Winnipeg; C. C. Fields, Winnipeg, Mrs. A. H. Corelli, Winnipeg; Harry Champelovier, Winnipeg; Miss Georgie McPherson, Brandon Hills; C. W. Vesey, Winnipeg; Ivan Pasichniak, Winnipeg; W. C. Jones, Winnipeg; Col. H. F. Osler, Winnipeg; Professor V. W. Jackson, Winnipeg; F. Yellowlees, Ninette; and others.

FLOWERS

Nelson Clark, Ninette; Mrs. Raynor, Ninette; United Church, Ninette; Anglican Church, Belmont; Miller Floral Supply, Winnipeg; O. Anderson, 258 Davidson Ave., St. James, Peony roots; and several others.

* * *

A plan, whatever it may be, is merely a tool like a spade or a sickle, which needs some person at the business end of it.

Balance Sheet, as at 30th November, 1934

ASSETS				
Land, Buildings, Plant and Equipment:	Cost	Depreciation Reserve	Book Value	
Land and Improvements	\$ 10,752.71	\$	\$ 10,752.71	
Buildings	557,648.50	457,229.91	100,418.59	
Plant and Machinery (Heating, Lighting, Water and Sewage)	85,724.72	85,724.72		
Furniture and Equipment	17,325.93	15,199.06	2,126.87	
Furnishings and Miscellaneous Equipment	58,282.49	58,282.49		
Automobiles	5,870.00	5,870.00		
Horses, Harness, etc.	1,572.39	1,572.39		
Spur Track	700.85	700.85		
Fire Equipment	3,911.82	3,911.82		
Fire Protection Reservoir	12,304.27	2,460.84	9,843.43	
	<u>\$754,093.68</u>	<u>\$630,952.08</u>	<u>\$123,141.60</u>	<u>\$123,141.60</u>
Endowment Fund:				
Bank of Montreal—Belmont			\$ 2,512.47	
Investments at Cost as per Schedule 6			35,824.10	
Accrued Interest on Bonds			400.70	
Accrued Interest on Bank Balance			3.50	
				<u>38,740.77</u>
Seal Trust Fund:				
Bank of Montreal			\$ 7,005.58	
Accrued Interest on Bank Balance			10.50	
				<u>7,016.08</u>
Cash on Hand				<u>10.00</u>
Petty Cash				<u>1,500.00</u>
Accounts Receivable:				
		Central Manitoba Tuberculosis Sanatorium Clinic		
Municipalities, etc., Patients' Treatment	\$ 9,239.95	\$ 1,552.60		
Provincial Government (Municipal Levy)	128,245.83	15,154.67		
Less: Reserve	<u>30,965.93</u>	<u>3,356.07</u>		
	\$ 97,279.90	\$11,798.60		
Provincial Government, Per Capita Grant Accrued	\$ 27,789.00	\$ 5,302.50		
Bequests—				
Johnstone Estate		1.00		
MacNichol Estate		1.00		
Yellowees Estate		1.00		
Velie Estate		1.00		
Sundry Accounts Receivable		365.96		
Payroll Advances—Employees		340.64		
	<u>\$ 28,499.60</u>	<u>\$ 5,302.50</u>		
	<u>\$135,019.45</u>	<u>\$18,653.70</u>		<u>153,673.15</u>
Inventories and Deferred Charges:				
		Sanatorium Board of Manitoba Clinics	Central Tuberculosis Sanatorium Clinic	
Supplies on Hand		\$21,753.33	\$1,531.57	
Insurance, Unexpired	\$7.56	\$33.66	9,021.95	427.80
Telephone Service			11.41	34.66
Water Service				28.35
Property Taxes				13.65
	<u>\$7.56</u>	<u>\$33.66</u>	<u>\$30,786.69</u>	<u>\$2,036.03</u>
				<u>32,863.94</u>
				<u><u>\$356,945.54</u></u>

LIABILITIES			
Bank of Montreal:			
Demand Loan	\$104,196.52		
Accrued Interest thereon	374.52		
		<u>\$104,571.04</u>	
Overdraft—General Account		22,705.50	\$127,276.54
Accounts Payable:			
Trade Accounts		\$1,031.93	
Patients Safekeeping		10.00	
Salaries and Wages, due and accrued		64.39	
			<u>1,106.32</u>
Patients' Entertainment Fund			905.15
Remuneration of Surgeons' Fund			1,600.00
Employees' Emergency Fund			300.00
Endowment Fund			38,740.77
Seal Trust Fund			39,158.54
Reserves:			
Inventories			3,485.23
Surplus:			
Balance at Credit, 30th November 1933		\$156,929.61	
Add:			
Additional Levies applicable to the years 1929 to 1933 inclusive	\$ 762.39		
Bad Debts written off prior to 30th November, 1933, subsequently recovered		50.00	
Excessive Reserves set up as at 30th November, 1933—			
Municipal Levies	\$17,300.65		
Accounts Receivable	4,335.00		
		<u>21,635.65</u>	
Value of Bequest—Johnstone Estate.....		1.00	
			<u>22,449.04</u>
			<u>\$179,378.65</u>
Deduct:			
Accounts determined to be uncollectible now written off	\$ 255.60		
Adjustment Municipal Levy 1933 on revised basis "Patient Days"		105.20	
Adjustment—Municipal Levies, St. Boniface Sanatorium—			
1931	\$ 55.67		
1933	178.46		
		<u>122.79</u>	
Adjustment—Property Taxes 1933 on St. Boniface Sanatorium, due R. M. of St. Vital		321.28	
Additional Reserves—			
Inventories 30th November, 1934		1,337.43	
Reserve for Depreciation, Spur Track		700.85	
Excess of Ordinary Expenditure over Revenue Reserve for Depreciation		3,553.32	
		<u>28,609.19</u>	
		<u>35,005.66</u>	<u>144,372.99</u>
			<u><u>\$356,945.54</u></u>

We have audited the Books and Accounts of The Sanatorium Board of Manitoba kept at the Manitoba Sanatorium, Ninette, Manitoba, for the year ended 30th November, 1934.

We report that we have received all the information and explanations we have required and that, in our opinion, the above Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the affairs of The Sanatorium Board of Manitoba, according to the best of our information, the explanations given to us and as shown by the Books.

RIDDELL, STEAD, GRAHAM & HUTCHISON, C.A.
Auditors.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, January 21st, 1935.

General Census

Two Years—January 1st, 1933, to December 31st, 1934.

MANITOBA SANATORIUM

	M	F	Total
In Sanatorium, January 1st, 1933	125	129	254
Admitted for treatment during 1933	125	132	257
Admitted for treatment during 1934	134	130	264
Admitted for diagnosis during 1933	331	460	791
Admitted for diagnosis during 1934	293	367	660
			2,226
Discharged from treatment during 1933	127	136	263
Discharged from treatment during 1934	124	129	253
Discharged from diagnosis during 1933	331	460	791
Discharged from diagnosis during 1934	293	367	660
In Sanatorium, December 31st, 1934	133	126	259
			2,226

CENTRAL TUBERCULOSIS CLINIC

	M	F	Total
In Clinic, January 1st, 1933	15	15	30
Admitted for treatment during 1933	182	171	353
Admitted for treatment during 1934	178	208	386
Admitted for diagnosis during 1933	1,458	2,191	3,649
Admitted for diagnosis during 1934	1,679	2,700	4,379
			8,797
Discharged from treatment during 1933	181	170	351
Discharged from treatment during 1934	177	206	383
Discharged from diagnosis during 1933	1,458	2,191	3,649
Discharged from diagnosis during 1934	1,679	2,700	4,379
In Clinic on December 31st, 1934	17	18	35
			8,797

TRAVELLING TUBERCULOSIS CLINICS

Examined in Travelling Clinics in 1933	4,682
Examined in Travelling Clinics in 1934	3,572
	8,254

Grand Total Persons dealt with in two years, without correction for re-admissions and re-examinations	19,277
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Thus year by year, in the very flow of the generations down the river, below the kirk, below the mill, below the lighthouse top, into the great broad sea—all that is old passes gradually and quietly away, and all things become new. To heal a sick man of the generation before last is something; but to make the world a cleaner birth-place for the children of yesterday, today and tomorrow, in EVERYTHING.